City of Whittier

Emergency Planning Guide Get Prepared Now!

Residents living in Southern California, including Whittier, must be prepared for all types of disasters. Natural and man-made disasters including earthquakes, floods, civil unrest and terrorism can change the way families and communities function. Therefore, it is important for everyone to plan ahead for these types of incidents. The steps outlined in this booklet can help you and your loved ones to be prepared for all hazards and conditions.

Make a Plan

One of the most important steps you can take in preparing for emergencies is to develop a household disaster plan. A plan will help you think ahead about what steps you can take to keep you and your family members safe during an emergency. Keep in mind any special needs you or your family may have.

Plan how your household will stay in contact if you were separated. Decide on two meeting places – one near your home (such as a park or street corner), another away from your neighborhood in case you cannot return home.

Post emergency telephone numbers near telephones. Teach children how and when to call 9-1-1. Include emergency numbers for police, fire, gas, water, and animal care services. Create communication cards at www.ready.gov/make-a-plan

Draw a floor plan of your home. Mark two escape routes from each room and make sure everyone in the home knows these routes.

Discuss your evacuation plan with your family.

- What important items would you need to take?
- What arrangements can you make for your pets? Other than service animals, pets are usually not allowed in public shelters.

Pick a friend or relative who lives out of the area for you and household members to contact-perhaps an aunt who lives in Texas. Make sure everyone knows the phone number.

Make sure everyone in your household knows how and when to shut off water, gas, and electricity at the main switches. Contact your local utilities if you have questions.

Take first and class Whittier as well as local American Red Cross chapters can provide information. Official certification by the American Red Cross provides "Good Samaritan" law protection for those giving first aid.

Reduce the economic impact of a disaster on your property and your household's financial health by reviewing insurance policies before disaster strikes (e.g. property, flood, life, health). Make sure policies are current and be certain they meet your needs (type of coverage, amount of coverage, and hazard covered - flood, earthquake, etc.).

Take photos and/or video of the inside and outside of your home including valuables (such as jewelry, computers) in case proof is needed of your belongings prior to an incident (e.g. for insurance claims). Keep electronic and printed copies of these photos, and keep back-ups at an alternate location (i.e., a relative's home out of the area).

Save important electronic files (computer documents) on more than one computer or on an external hard drive, such as a flash drive, if possible, in case of damage.

Consider setting money aside in an emergency savings account that could be used during a crisis. You may also want to keep a small amount of cash or traveler's checks at home in a safe place, as it may be difficult to get cash from banks or ATMs immediately after a major incident.

Be sure to check on neighbors who may need special assistance, such as those who are elderly or disabled.



Put Together A Disaster Kit

Immediately after an emergency, essential services may be cut off and local disaster relief and government responders may not be able to reach you right away. You may need to survive on your own for five days or more after a major emergency. This means having your own water, food, and emergency supplies available to take care of your household.



"ASK your doctor about storing extra medication"

First Aid Kit: You can purchase a first-aid kit with the items

you need, or assemble one yourself using items you may already have.		
	Sterile adhesive bandages in assorted shapes and sizes	
	Soap and antibiotic towelettes (to disinfect)	
	Antibiotic ointment and burn ointment to prevent infection	
	Eyewash solution to flush the eyes	
	Thermometer	
0	Prescription medications and equipment: These may be difficult to get during a disaster - ask your doctor or pharmacist about storing prescription medications, making sure they are stored properly and switched out before their expiration date	
0	Non-prescription medications, including aspirin and non-aspirin pain reliever, anti-diarrhea medication, antacids (to treat an upset stomach), and syrup of ipecac (to induce vomiting if advised by the Poison Control Center: (1-800-222-1222)	
Clothing and Bedding: Remember to consider the needs of infants, elderly persons, and pets. Also include entertainment and comfort items for children. Have one complete change of clothing and footwear available for each household member. A jacket or coat Long pants and a long-sleeved shirt		
Н	Sturdy shoes A hat and gloves	
ᄖ	A sleeping bag or warm blanket	
IH	Rain gear	
	(Coas) to see to see to see	
	"bon't forget comfort	

items for kids!⁾³

Disaster Kit Checklist

Use large backpacks or duffel bags to keep the supplies together—that way, you can easily take supplies with you if you need to leave your home. Place smaller items in airtight plastic bags. Keep your kit in a designated place (someplace that is easy to get to) and make sure everyone in the household knows its location.

"don't forget diapers and

		wipes for the little ones"
	Tools & Supplies: These items may be needed in the event of an evacuation. These supplies will also be useful if there is a need to shelter-in-place (stay in your home for an extended period of time)	Sanitation & Hygiene Items:
	or if you lose power in your home.	Towelettes, soap, hand sanitizer, liquid detergent
your home for an time"	Portable, battery-powered radio or television, and extra batteries	Toothpaste and toothbrushes
	Flashlight and extra batteries	Shampoo, deodorants, comb, and brush
	Portable emergency radio	Lip balm, sunscreen, and insect repellent
	Matches in a waterproof container (or waterproof matches)	Feminine hygiene supplies
	Shut-off wrench, pliers, and screwdriver	Heavy-duty plastic garbage bags and ties for personal sanitation uses
tir.	Small canister A-B-C-type fire extinguisher	Diapers and wipes
stay in iod of	Compass	
st io	Work gloves	Other Items:
ou sto period	Work gloves A whistle (to signal for help)	Other Items:
lp you sta _y .ed period	Ť	Other Items: Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable
l help you sto ended perio	A whistle (to signal for help) Dust mask or cotton t-shirt (to help filter the air)	Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable Phone charger, car phone charger, and/or extra charged
will help you sta extended perioa	A whistle (to signal for help) Dust mask or cotton t-shirt (to help filter the air) Plastic sheeting and duct tape	Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable Phone charger, car phone charger, and/or extra charged battery, and coins and/or a pre-paid phone card
ols will help you sto extended perioo	A whistle (to signal for help) Dust mask or cotton t-shirt (to help filter the air) Plastic sheeting and duct tape Scissors	Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable Phone charger, car phone charger, and/or extra charged
tools will help you sta extended perioa	A whistle (to signal for help) Dust mask or cotton t-shirt (to help filter the air) Plastic sheeting and duct tape Scissors Tweezers	Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable Phone charger, car phone charger, and/or extra charged battery, and coins and/or a pre-paid phone card
these tools will help you sto extended perioo	A whistle (to signal for help) Dust mask or cotton t-shirt (to help filter the air) Plastic sheeting and duct tape Scissors Tweezers Safety pins and sewing needles/thread	Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable Phone charger, car phone charger, and/or extra charged battery, and coins and/or a pre-paid phone card Sunglasses Extra pair of prescription glasses, or contact lenses and
	A whistle (to signal for help) Dust mask or cotton t-shirt (to help filter the air) Plastic sheeting and duct tape Scissors Tweezers Safety pins and sewing needles/thread Paper, pens, and pencils	Toys, books, and puzzles to help children feel safer and more comfortable Phone charger, car phone charger, and/or extra charged battery, and coins and/or a pre-paid phone card Sunglasses Extra pair of prescription glasses, or contact lenses and solution Pet supplies such as leashes, extra water and food,

lists at least every six months or when changes occur.

Personal identification

Cash (including change) or traveler's checks and a credit card

Copies of birth/marriage certificates, driver's licenses, social security cards, passports, wills, deeds, inventory of household goods, insurance papers, immunization records, bank and credit card account numbers, information on stocks and bonds

Emergency contact list and phone numbers

Map of the area and phone numbers of places you could go

For pet owners, a list and contact information of motels that allow animals

An extra set of car and house keys

"photos
of your
pets will
help you
in case
they get
lost"



Don't Forget...

A Car Kit

Keep an emergency supply kit in the trunk, including food and water. This kit can also include flares, jumper cables, and seasonal supplies (e.g. clothing for extreme cold).

A Work Kit

Keep a disaster supply kit at work - a ready to "grab and go" container in case you have to evacuate the building. Stock your work kit with water and food, a comfortable pair of shoes, and other needs.

Switch Out Items In Your Kits

You will need to change the stored water and food supplies based on the item's expiration dates, so be sure to note the storage date on all containers. You should also rethink your needs every year and update kits as your household changes.

Stay Connected

When a disaster occurs, it's possible that communication systems (e.g. phone lines or Internet) will be down for long periods of time. This may make it difficult to communicate with loved ones or to get useful information. However, there are several things you can do ahead of time to help your household to stay connected.

Check Local Information Resources

City Emergency Information Line (310) 952-1700 ext 1603)

Sheriff Information Line (310) 830-1123

KNX (AM 1070), & KFI (AM 640)Will provide area-wide information during emergencies.

Be Cell Phone Ready

Program an ICE (In Case of Emergency) contact into your phone's address book (and save the contact name as ICE).

Also make sure that other important numbers are programmed into your phone, such as family, supervisors, childcare providers and schools, and neighbors.

Have a backup!

Make sure you have an alternate battery for your phone

Teach family members how to use text messaging - during an emergency, you are much more likely to get a text message through than a phone call. Also, make sure your loved ones & coworkers are cell phone ready.

Dial 9-1-1 in the event of an emergency!

