Appendix D

Risk Assessment Calculations

QRA for Whittier Matrix Project: Proposed Operations Fault Trees

Summary	Frequency	Return
Scenario 1 Wellhead Area Rupture during drilling, per pad	3.1E-02	33
Scenario 1b Wellhead area leak during drilling	6.2E-02	16
Scenario 2 Wellhead Area Rupture during production, per pad	1.0E-02	100
Scenario 2 Wellhead Area Leak during production, per pad	5.3E-04	1,902
Scenario 2 Wellhead Area Rupture during production - non-pressurized wells - per pad	8.0E-07	1,252,536
Scenario 2b Wellhead area leak during production -pressurized and non-pressurized wells	2.8E-03	356
Scenario 3 Rupture at produced gas pipelines at Well Site and Processing Site	1.0E-05	95,256
Scenario 3b Leak at produced gas pipelines at Well Site and Processing Site	2.3E-05	43,100
Scenario 4 Rupture at Gas Plant separators, scrubbers to compressors - low pressure	3.1E-04	3,255
Scenario 4b Leak at Gas Plant through inlet scrubbers to compressors - low pressure	3.0E-03	328
Scenario 5 Rupture at Gas Plant LTS, scrubbers and compressors - mid pressure	3.9E-04	2,568
Scenario 5b Leak at Gas Plant LTS, scrubbers and compressors - mid pressure	4.2E-03	240
Scenario 6 Rupture at Gas Plant scrubbers and compressors - high pressure	1.0E-04	9,670
Scenario 6b Leak at Gas Plant scrubbers and compressors - high pressure	1.1E-03	889
Scenario 7 Rupture at natural gas pipeline along Loop Road and at meter	8.2E-05	12,152
Scenario 7b Leak at natural gas pipeline along Loop Road and at meter	1.6E-04	6,406
Scenario 8 Loss of Containment from odorant storage/transfer	8.4E-02	12
Scenario 9 Release of Crude Oil and Subsequent Fire	1.8E-04	5,624
Scenario 10a Release of Crude Oil Storage/Pumping with subsequent spill outside containment	9.4E-07	1,068,795
Scenario 10b Release of Crude Oil from Piping/Equipment outside of containment within Preserve (Ru	3.7E-03	272
Scenario 11 Rupture of Natural gas Pipeline along Colima	1.89E-04	5,285

		Failure rate or			Event rate or		
Reference	Event	probability	Units	Number	probability	Reference	Total rate
	Wellhead Area Rupture during drilling, per pad						3.06E-02
Scenario 2	Wellhead Area Rupture during production, per pad						1.00E-02
Scenario 2	Wellhead Area Leak during production, per pad Wellhead Area Rupture during production - non-press	curized wells -	or nad				5.26E-04 7.98E-07
1a1	Years of drilling	5	number	1	5	Based on matrix Schedule	7.36E-07
1a2	Max number of wellheads during production, per pad	20	number	1	20	Proposed number of wells minus water injection	
1a3	Max number of wells drilled in one year	12	number	1	12	Estimated based on applicant data, assumes 60 wells over 5 years, all wells assumed drilled at the same pad in one year	
1a4	Number of well workovers in one year, per pad	20	number	1	20	Applicant indicates one per well per year	
1a5	Number of re-drills in one year	3	number	1	3	Applicant information, assume to occur at one pad	
1a6	Full bore pipe rupture, per pad	9.00E-08	/m.yr	100	9.00E-06	Rijnmond 1981, release of gas upstream of choke valve, estimated at 5m per well	
1a7	Full bore valve rupture, par pad	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	40	2.92E-05	release of gas upstream of choke valve, 2 valves per well	
1a8	Pipe leak, per pad	2.63E-06	/m.yr	100	2.63E-04	Rijnmond, 1981, for larger pipe, estimated as 20 wells at a pad, 5m per well	
1a9	Valve leak, per pad	6.57E-06	/valve.yr	40	2.63E-04	Assume 90% of releases are significant leaks but not catastrophic. Assume 20 wells, 4 valves per well	
1a8	Drilling Phase - blowout	5.20E-03	per well	1	5.20E-03	MMS, loss of well control, incident rate between 1996- 2005	
1a9	Production phase - blowout	1.40E-04	per well-yr	1	1.40E-04	HLID, gas well, uncontrolled blowout per well year	
1a10	Well Workovers - blowout	7.30E-04	per workover	1	7.30E-04	HLID, workovers gas wells, per workover	
1a11	Fraction catastrophic blowouts	3.30E-01	per demand	1	3.30E-01	Fraction loss of well controls that are catastrophic. Based on MMS accident prevention reports for blowouts.	
1a12	Failure to close safety valve	2.09E-02	per demand	1	2.09E-02	CCPS failure to operate on demand, increased by 10 due to sand and well-hole environment	
Ci- 41	- Walley and area lands about an electrical						0.045.00
	o Wellhead area leak during drilling o Wellhead area leak during production -pressurized a	nd non process	rizad walls				6.21E-02 2.81E-03
2b1	Fittings per well	10	number	1	1.00E+01	Estimated	2.01L-03
2b2	Rupture of small fitting	7.30E-07	per fit-year	200	1.46E-04	Dominatod	
2b3	Leak at valve	6.57E-06	/valve.yr	40	2.63E-04	Rijnmond 1981, release of gas upstream of choke valve, estimated at 5m per well	
2b4	Leak in pipe	5.26E-06	/m.yr	100	5.26E-04	Rijnmond, 1981	
Scenario 3	Rupture at produced gas pipelines at Well Site and Pr	ocessing Site				000 4 7 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.05E-05
3a1	Full bore pipe rupture	1.76E-07	/m.yr	150	2.64E-05	OPS rate for gas transmission pipelines, years 1984- 2004, assumes 150m of pipe	
3a2	Rupture fraction	3.70E-01	fraction	1	3.70E-01	OPS data on ruptures, 37%, for years 2001-2004	
3a3	Full bore valve rupture	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	1	7.30E-07	Lees, WASH	
Scenario 38	b Leak at produced gas pipelines at Well Site and Pro	cessing Site					2.32E-05
3b1	Full bore pipe rupture	1.76E-07	/m.yr	150	2.64E-05	OPS rate for gas transmission pipelines, years 1984- 2004, assumes 150m of pipe	
3b2	Leak fraction	6.30E-01	fraction	1	6.30E-01	OPS data on ruptures, 37%, for years 2001-2004	
3b3	Leak at valve	6.57E-06	/valve.yr	1	6.57E-06	Rijnmond 1981,	
Casasais 1	Burton of Con Blant consults						2.075.24
4a1	Rupture at Gas Plant separators, scrubbers to completell bore pipe rupture	9.00E-08	ressure /m.yr	50	4.50E-06	Estimated piping length	3.07E-04
4a1 4a2	Full bore pipe rupture Full bore valve rupture	7.30E-07	/m.yr /valve.yr	27	4.50E-06 1.97E-05	Estimated piping length Estimated based on Applicant PFD	
4a3	PSV fails wide open	2.13E-03	/yr	6		WASH, lifts light, assume 1% wide open	
4a4	Flare fails to ignite	2.07E-02	/yr	1	2.07E-02	CCPS 3.78 failures per year, 2 hrs per failure, 1989	
4a5	Vessel rupture	1.00E-06	/yr	4	4.00E-06	Rijnmond 1982	
4a6	Heat exchanger failure	1.49E-05	/yr	1	1.49E-05	HLID, 10% to full rupture	
		L					
	Leak at Gas Plant through inlet scrubbers to compr			50	1 225 04	Diinmand 1091 for larger pice	3.05E-03
4b1 4b2	Leak in pipe Leak at valve	2.63E-06 6.57E-06	/m.yr /valve.yr	27	1.32E-04 1.77E-04	Rijnmond, 1981, for larger pipe Assume 90% of releases are significant leaks but not	
4b3	Rupture of small valve	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	54		catastrophic. Estimated twice as many small valves as large ones	
403	rupture of sittali valve	1.30E-07	/vaive.yr	54	3.94E-U5	Estimated twice as many small valves as large ones	

		ı					
Reference	Event	Failure rate or	Units	Number	Event rate or	Reference	Total rate
		probability			probability		
4b4 4b5	PSV fails leaks Leak in vessel	2.13E-02 1.00E-05	/yr /yr	6 4	1.28E-01 4.00E-05	WASH, lifts light Rijnmond 1981	
4b6	Leak in heat exchanger	1.49E-04	/yr	1	1.49E-04	HLID	
	B						2 225 24
5a1	Rupture at Gas Plant LTS, scrubbers and compressor	9.00E-08	/m.yr	150	1.35E-05	Estimated piping length	3.89E-04
5a2	Full bore valve rupture	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	21	1.53E-05	Estimated based on Applicant PFD	
5a3	PSV fails wide open	2.13E-03	/yr	8	1.70E-02	WASH, lifts light, assume 1% wide open	
5a4	Flare fails to ignite	2.07E-02	/yr	1		CCPS 3.78 failures per year, 2 hrs per failure, 1989	
5a5	Vessel rupture Full bore compressor failure	1.00E-06 5.50E-03	/yr	1		Rijnmond 1982 Base failure of 0.66/yr with 10% catastrophic HLID 1992.	
5a6			/yr		5.50E-03	Included SCAQMD fugitive rule inspection frequency. Rijnmond 1982, failure on demand - high rate used - low	
5a7 5a8	Low pressure shut off failure Heat exchanger failure	1.00E-03 1.49E-05	on demand /yr	1 4	1.00E-03 5.96E-05	testing frequency (6 months assumed) HLID, 10% to full rupture	
Casasais El	Lock of Con Blood ITC annual to the second						4.475.00
5b1	b Leak at Gas Plant LTS, scrubbers and compressors Leak in pipe	2.63E-06	/m.yr	150	3.95E-04	Rijnmond, 1981, for larger pipe	4.17E-03
5b2	Leak at valve	6.57E-06	/valve.yr	21	1.38E-04	Assume 90% of releases are significant leaks but not catastrophic.	
5b3	Rupture of small valve	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	42		Estimated twice as many small valves as large ones	
5b4	PSV fails leaks	2.13E-02	/yr	8	1.70E-01 3.00E-05	WASH, lifts light	
5b5 5b6	Leak in vessel Compressor leak	1.00E-05 5.50E-02	/yr /yr	3 1		Rijnmond 1981 HLID 1992	
5b7	Leak in heat exchanger	1.49E-04	/yr	4	5.96E-04	HLID	
Scenario 6	Rupture at Gas Plant scrubbers and compressors - h	iah pressure					1.03E-04
6a1	Full bore pipe rupture	9.00E-08	/m.yr	50	4.50E-06	Estimated piping length	1.03E-04
6a2	Full bore valve rupture	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	6	4.38E-06	Estimated based on Applicant PFD	
6a3	PSV fails wide open	2.13E-03	/yr	2	4.25E-03	WASH, lifts light, assume 1% wide open	
6a4	Flare fails to ignite	2.07E-02	/yr	1	2.07E-02	CCPS 3.78 failures per year, 2 hrs per failure, 1989	
6a5	Vessel rupture	1.00E-06	/yr	1	1.00E-06	Rijnmond 1982	
6a6	Full bore compressor failure	5.50E-03	/yr	1	5.50E-03	Base failure of 0.66/yr with 10% catastrophic HLID 1992. Included SCAQMD fugitive rule inspection frequency.	
6a7	Low pressure shut off failure	1.00E-03	on demand	1	1.00E-03	Rijnmond 1982, failure on demand - high rate used - low testing frequency (6 months assumed)	
Scenario 6b	l b Leak at Gas Plant scrubbers and compressors - hig	h pressure					1.12E-03
6b1	Leak in pipe	2.63E-06	/m.yr	50	1.32E-04	Rijnmond, 1981, for larger pipe	
6b2	Leak at valve	6.57E-06	/valve.yr	6	3.94E-05	Assume 90% of releases are significant leaks but not catastrophic.	
6b3	Rupture of small valve	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	12	8.76E-06	Estimated twice as many small valves as large ones	
6b4 6b5	PSV fails leaks Leak in vessel	2.13E-02 1.00E-05	/yr /yr	1	4.25E-02 1.00E-05	WASH, lifts light Rijnmond 1981	
6b6	Compressor leak	5.50E-02	/yr	1	5.50E-02	HLID 1992	
	Rupture at natural gas pipeline along Loop Road and	1.76E-07	/m vr	1230	2.16E-04	OPS rate for gas transmission pipelines, years 1984-	8.23E-05
7a1 7a2	Full bore pipe rupture Rupture fraction	3.70E-01	/m.yr fraction	1	3.70E-01	2004, piping along access road OPS data on ruptures, 37%, for years 2001-2004	
7a3	Full bore valve rupture	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	3	2.19E-06	Lees, WASH, counts meter as a valve	
Cooperie 7	h Look at natural gas pipoline slong Loop Bond and a	motor					4 505 0
	b Leak at natural gas pipeline along Loop Road and at		,	400-	0.405.51	OPS rate for gas transmission pipelines, years 1984-	1.56E-04
7b1	Full bore pipe rupture	1.76E-07	/m.yr	1230	2.16E-04	2004	
7b2 7b3	Leak fraction Leak at valve	6.30E-01 6.57E-06	fraction /valve.yr	3	6.30E-01 1.97E-05	OPS data on ruptures, 37%, for years 2001-2004 Rijnmond 1981,	
100	Lean at valve	0.57 E-00	/vaive.yi	s	1.87 E-03	injumond 1901,	
	Loss of Containment from odorant storage/transfer	0.005.00		40	0.005.05		8.45E-02
8a1 8a2	Hole in odorant pipe Leak at a odorant valve	2.63E-06 5.54E-04	/m.yr /valve.yr	10	2.63E-05 5.54E-03	Assume 90% of leaks are significant but not catastrophic	
8a3	Rupture of small threaded connection	2.08E-05	/conn.yr	100	2.08E-03	rupture CCPS with correction for annual fugitive I&M program, 10% ruptures	
8a4	Rupture of small welded connection	2.63E-06	/conn.yr	0	0.00E+00	WASH 1400, weld leaks, 10% to rupture	
8a5	Odorant pump leak	1.70E-02	/yr	1	1.70E-02	HLID, leakage, 10% to rupture	
8a6	Hole in odorant vessel	1.00E-05	/yr	1		Rijnmond 1982 Shell rupture per operation. Leaks assumed to be 10	
8a7	Hole in loading hose	4.00E-04	/operation	1	4.00E-04	times great probability.	
8a8 8a9	Incorrect hose coupling Carbon canister or vapor recovery procedure failure	4.40E-03 5.50E-02	/operation /operation	1	4.40E-03 5.50E-02	Rijnmond 1982 Rijnmond 1982, failure to follow instructions	
8a10	Loading operations	1	Operations	1	1.00E+00	Number of annual loading operations	
	-						4 705 0
	Release of Crude Oil and Subsequent Fire	0.005.05			2.005.07	Atmospheric metallic vessel - Catastrophic failure.	1.78E-04
9a1 9a2	Crude oil tank failure	9.99E-05 1.00E-03	/yr	1	3.00E-04 1.00E-03	CCPS, 1989 Based on a probabilityof a 0.5g or greater earthquake,	
	Major earthquake		/yr			USGS data.	
9a3	Crude oil tank pipe rupture	9.00E-08	/m.yr	100	9.00E-06	length estimated OPS data for crude releases at pump stations 1986-	
9a4	Probability of ignition - 5%	5.00E-02	on demand	1	5.00E-02	2000, 5% produce fires	

Appendix D

Reference	Event	Failure rate or probability	Units	Number	Event rate or probability	Reference	Total rate
9a5	Probability of earthquake tank failure	1.00E-01	on demand	1	1.00E-01	Estimated at 10%	
9a6	Pumping area major spill	3.15E-03	/yr	1	3.15E-03	HLID leaks/ruptures for recip pumps, 1% major + 50m piping + 4 large valves	1
9a7	Number of drainings per year	6	number	1	6	assumed drained 12 times per year	
9a8	Failure to close drain valve after draining	1.90E-03	on demand	1	1.90E-03	Rijnmond, failure to close a valve properly	
9a9	Failure to notice drains valves not closed during a subsequent inspection	1.00E-01	on demand	1	1.00E-01	R&MIP failure to notice incorrect status on inspection	1
9a10	Frequency of drain valve inspections	52	number	1	52	weekly inspections	
Scenario 1	Oa Release of Crude Oil Storage/Pumping with subsec	quent spill outs	ide containmer	nt			9.36E-07
Scenario 1	Ob Release of Crude Oil from Piping/Equipment outsi	de of containme	ent within Prese	erve (Rupture	or Leak)		3.67E-03
10a1	Major earthquake	1.00E-04	/yr	1		Based on a probabilityof a 1.0g or greater earthquake, USGS data. 1.0g or greater assumed needed to produce piping failure	
10a2	Crude oil pipe rupture	9.00E-08	/m.yr	1230	1.11E-04	length based on distance between gas plant and Colima	
10a3	Crude oil pipe leak	2.63E-06	/m.yr	1230	3.23E-03		
10a4	Probability of earthquake piping failure	1.00E-01	on demand	1	1.00E-01	Estimated at 10%	
10a5	Leak at valve	7.88E-05	/valve.yr	4		Assume 90% of releases are significant leaks but not catastrophic. No AQMD leak inspection. Estimated 4 valves	
Scenario 1	1 Rupture of Natural gas Pipeline along Colima						1.89E-04
11a	Incident rate	2.83E-04	/mile.yr	1.80	5.09E-04	OPS rate for gas transmission pipelines, years 1984- 2004, piping along Colima road	1
11b	Rupture fraction	3.70E-01	fraction	1	3.70E-01	OPS data on ruptures, 37%, for years 2001-2004	
11c	Full bore valve rupture	7.30E-07	/valve.yr	1		Lees, WASH, counts valve at Lambert	
Scenario 1	1b Leak of Natural gas Pipeline along Colima						3.27E-04
11a	Incident rate	2.83E-04	/mile.yr	1.80	5.09E-04	OPS rate for gas transmission pipelines, years 1984- 2004, piping along Colima road	
11b	Rupture fraction	6.30E-01	fraction	1	6.30E-01	OPS data on ruptures, 37%, for years 2001-2004	
11c	Full bore valve rupture	6.57E-06	/valve.yr	1	6.57E-06	Lees, WASH, counts valve at Lambert	

Notes

Hotes			
PSV lifts light	4.25E-02	Average value	e of WASH, Rijnmond, Lees and CCPS
PSV fraction of light lift that are wide open	0.1	Estimated bas	sed on general leak/rupture estimate of 10%.
Fugitive leaks Inspection Frequency	6	times/yr	based on SCAQMD requirements info
PSV inspection frequency	1	times/yr	estimated
Piping age factor	1.0		new equipment, no age factor
Vessel/Heat Exchanger age factor	1.0		new equipment, no age factor

	1 p	1 proposed project - Well Blowouts					2 - Wellheads Production				3 - Roadway Piping			
Natural Gas Releases	Rupture - 1000 psi Rupture - 2500 psi			Leak Rupture			Leak Rupture			ture				
Expansion	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After		
Pressure, pa	6,892,857	101,325	17,232,143	101,325	172,321	101,325	172,321	101,325	172,321	101,325	172,321	101,325		
Pressure, psi	1,000	14.7	2,500	14.7	25	14.7	25	14.7	25	14.7	25	14.7		
Temperature, K	322	178	322	154	322	306	322	306	322	306	322	319		
Temperature, F	120	-139	120	-182	120	91.4	120	91	120	91.4	120	115		
Diameter, inches	3	10.1	3	15.7	1	1.0	4	4.0	1	1.0	6	6.0		
Diameter, m	0.0762	0.2577	0.0762	0.3998	0.0254	0.0254	0.1016	0.1016	0.0254	0.0254	0.1524	0.1524		
Area, m2	0.00456	0.05216	0.00456	0.12554	0.00051	0.00051	0.00811	0.00811	0.00051	0.00051	0.01824	0.01824		
Velocity, m/s	420	726	375	685	339	339	330	330			141	141		
Mass Flow, kg/s	42	42	111	111	0.11	0.11	1.77	1.77	0.11	0.11	1.6	1.6		
Discharge Duration, s	1200		1200		1200	-	1200	-	1200		1200	-		
Crater Area m2 (if applicable)														
Jet Direction		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		
Impacts														
Thermal	Flam	e Jet	Flam	e Jet	Flam	ne Jet	Flame Jet		Flame Jet		Flam	ne Jet		
10 kw/m2 dist, m	6	2	10	01		-	-		3		-			
5 kw/m2 dist, m	7	7	12	25		-		-		5		-		
Other														
Overpressure/BLEVE														
Distance to 1 psi, m		•		-		-		-		-		-		
Distance to 0.3 psi, m		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Distance to 80 kj/m2-s, m		-		-		-		-		-	-			
Distance to 25 ki/m2-s, m		•		-		-		-		-		-		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,														
Vapor Cloud and Met Condition	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2		
LFL distance, m	41	45	77	86	2	2	8	9	2	2	11	14		
LFL width, m	6	7	10	11	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	0.5	0.5	2	2		
1/2 LFL distance, m	98	121	179	237	3	3.5	19	26	3	3.5	23	34		
1/2 LFL width, m	10	12	17	22	0.7	0.8	3	3	0.7	0.8	3	4		
	3", 1m piping l	enath to 10"	3", 1m piping le	enath to 10"										
					1m nining leng	th to large	1m nining lend	th to large	100m piping le	enath to large	100m nining le	enath to large		
Notes	releases. Met		releases. Met		1m piping length to large vessel. No offsite impacts				11 0 0		100m piping length to large pipeline vessel			

Before and after denote conditions associated with the released material before and after expansion from operating pressure to atmospheric pressure

Whittier Matrix QRA Modeling Results

		4 - Gas Plant	Low Pressure		5 - Gas Plant mid pressure				6/7 - Gas Plant high pressure, metering			
Natural Gas Releases	Le	ak	Rup	ture	Le	ak	Rup	ture	Le	ak	Rup	ture
Expansion	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After	Before	After
Pressure, pa	689,286	101,325	689,286	101,325	3,446,429	101,325	3,446,429	101,325	6,892,857	101,325	6,892,857	101,325
Pressure, psi	100	14.7	100	14.7	500	14.7	500	14.7	1,000	14.7	1,000	14.7
Temperature, K	322	-	322	284	322	-	322	189	293	160	293	153
Temperature, F	120		120	52	120		120	-119	67	-171	67	-184
Diameter, inches	1	0.0	6	6.8	1	0.0	3	7.3	1	3.2	3	10.1
Diameter, m	0.0254		0.1524	0.1726	0.0254		0.0762	0.1849	0.0254	0.08213	0.0762	0.2575
Area, m2	0.00051	0.00000	0.01824	0.02340	0.00051	0.00000	0.00456	0.02685	0.00051	0.00530	0.00456	0.05208
Velocity, m/s	433	-	436	614	366	-	429	731	392	686	389	670
Mass Flow, kg/s	0.4	-	11.75	11.75	2.4	-	20.5	20.5	4.5	4.5	45.3	45.3
Discharge Duration, s	1200	-	1200	-	1200	-	1200	-	1200	-	1200	
Crater Area m2 (if applicable)												
Jet Direction		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.		Horz.
Impacts												
Thermal	Flam	e Jet	Flam	e Jet	Flam	e Jet	Flam	e Jet	Flame Jet		Flame Jet	
10 kw/m2 dist, m		-	3	32			4	3		-	66	
5 kw/m2 dist, m		-	4	1		=	5	4		-	8	1
Other												
Overpressure/BLEVE												
Distance to 1 psi, m		-		-				_		-		-
Distance to 0.3 psi, m		-		-				-		-		-
Distance to 80 kj/m2-s, m		-		-				-		-		-
Distance to 25 kj/m2-s, m		-		-		=		-		-		-
Vapor Cloud and Met Condition	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2	D/4	F/2
LFL distance, m	2	2	18	20	2	2	26	28	10	11	45	50
LFL width, m	0.5	0.5	3	3	0.5	0.5	4	5	2	2	6	7
1/2 LFL distance, m	3	3	46	57	3	3	63	76	24	28	106	135
1/2 LFL width, m	0.8	0.8	6	7	0.8	0.8	7	8	4	4	11	14
Notes	20m piping ler pipeline vesse impacts		20m piping ler		1m piping leng		1m piping leng	th to large	1m piping leng	I gth to large	1m piping leng	th to large

Whittier Matrix QRA Modeling Results

	8 - Odorant Release	9 - Crude Spill with Fire			
Natural Gas Releases	Crude Dike Fire	Crude Dike Fire			
Expansion					
Pressure, pa	101,325	101,325			
Pressure, psi					
Temperature, K	300	300			
Temperature, F					
Diameter, inches	1	-			
Diameter, m	-	-			
Area, m2	28	1337			
Velocity, m/s	-	-			
Mass Flow, kg/s	-	-			
Discharge Duration, s	-	-			
Crater Area m2 (if applicable)					
Jet Direction					
Impacts					
Thermal	Toxic	Thermal			
10 kw/m2 dist, m		29			
5 kw/m2 dist, m	Toxic: ERPG-2: 48m length, 13 m	39			
	width				
Other	ERPG-3: within fenceline				
Overpressure/BLEVE					
Distance to 1 psi, m					
Distance to 0.3 psi, m					
Distance to 80 kj/m2-s, m					
Distance to 25 kj/m2-s, m					
Vapor Cloud and Met Condition					
LFL distance, m					
LFL width, m					
1/2 LFL distance, m					
1/2 LFL width, m					
	L	L			
	Odorant release based on spill to	Crude composition based on			
	ground producing a pool with a	Honolulu Terrace and butane mix			
Notes	vapor evolution rate of 0.008 kg/s	fraction, with 120' square dike area			

Before and after denote conditions associated with th